



- X-ray luminosity (mass accretion rate) is not the sole deciding factor in accretion torque.
- How the accretion disk couples to the magnetosphere is also important.
- Pulse phase dependence of emission line flux: evidence of warped disk.

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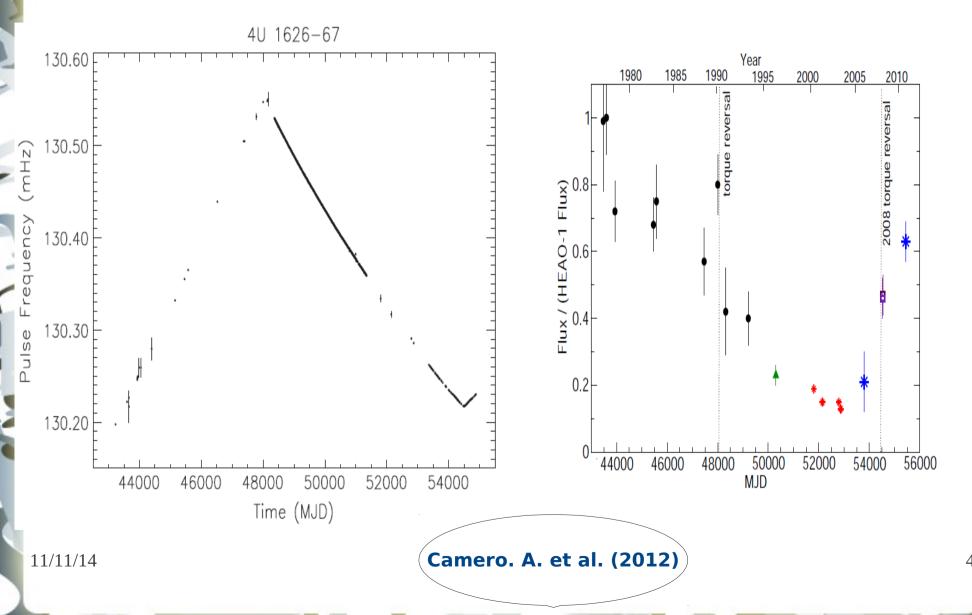


Frank King and Raine

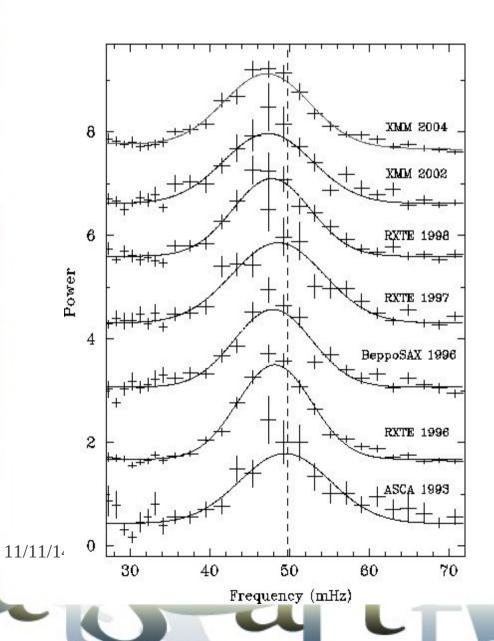
$$\dot{\nu} \simeq 2.7 \times 10^{-12} \, m_1^{-3/7} \, R_6^{6/7} \, L_{37}^{6/7} \, \mu_{30}^{2/7} \, I_{45}^{-1} \, \mathrm{Hz \ s^{-1}}$$

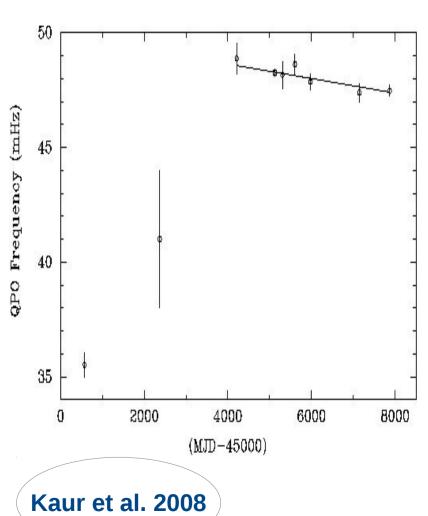
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#### 4U 1626-67: Period and flux evolution



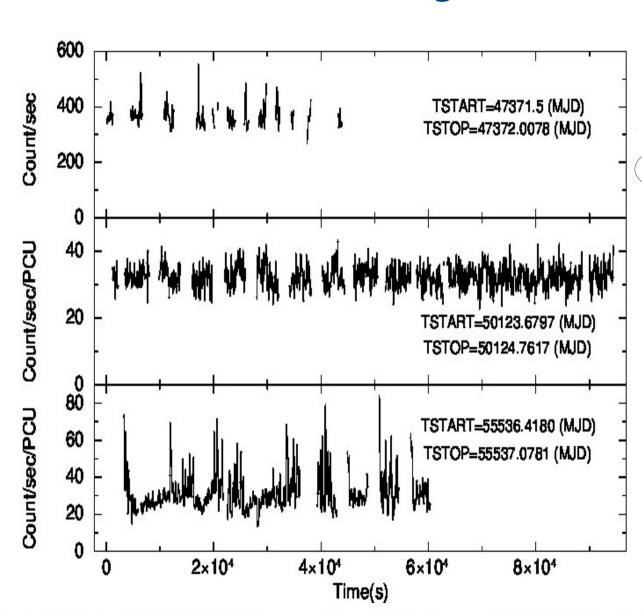
#### 4U 1626-67: QPO evolution





## 4U 1626-67: Power Spectrum 0.01 0.01 0.1 05-03-2008 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1 1 0.01 1 0.01 0.1 1 0.01 0.1 0.1 Frequency (Hz) $10^{-3}$ **Jain et al. 2010** 0.01 0.1 Frequency (Hz)

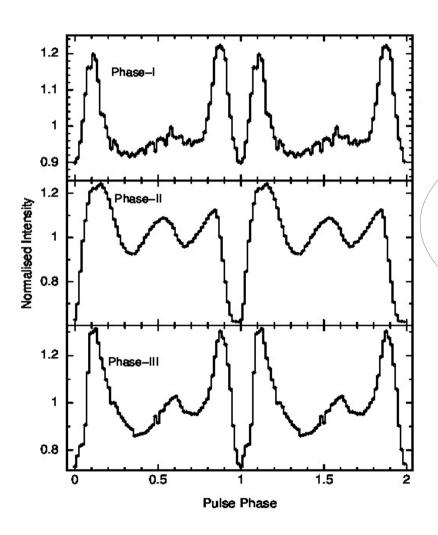
#### **4U 1626-67: Light Curves**



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Beri et al. (2014)

#### **Average Pulse Profiles**



Remarkable difference in the Pulse Profile during spin-down phase (Phase-II).

Beri et al. (2014)

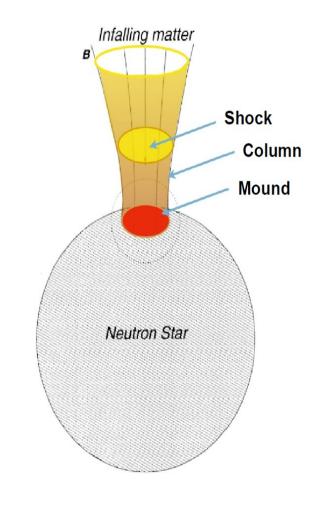
## **Pulse Profiles and Energy Dependence**

The accreted material is threaded onto the magnetic field lines, energy is released as X-rays from the magnetic poles.

Shape of the pulse profile is modified by absorption & scattering & light bending.

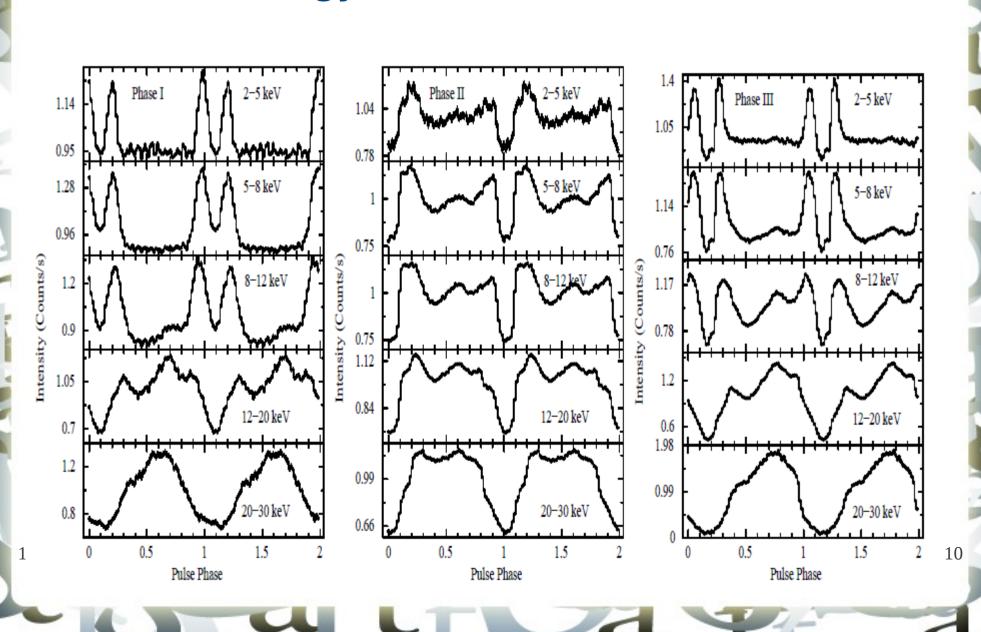
General trend of high energy pulses to have simpler shapes.

(White, Swank & Holt 1983; Bildsten et al. 1997).

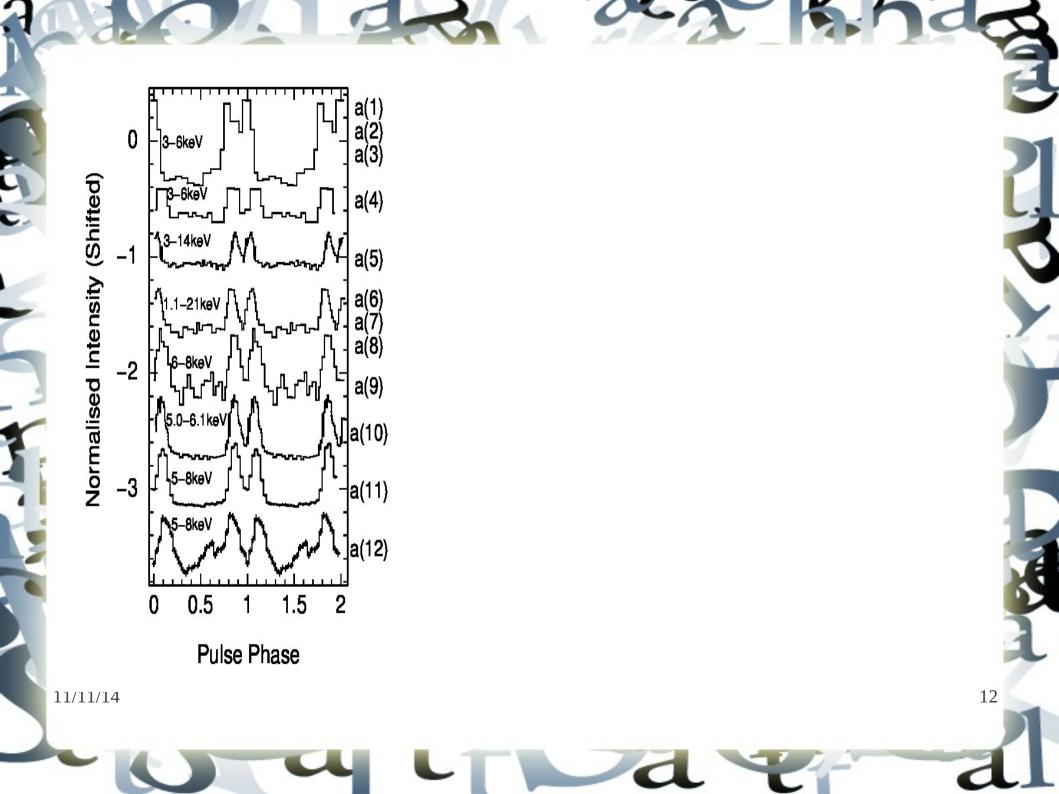


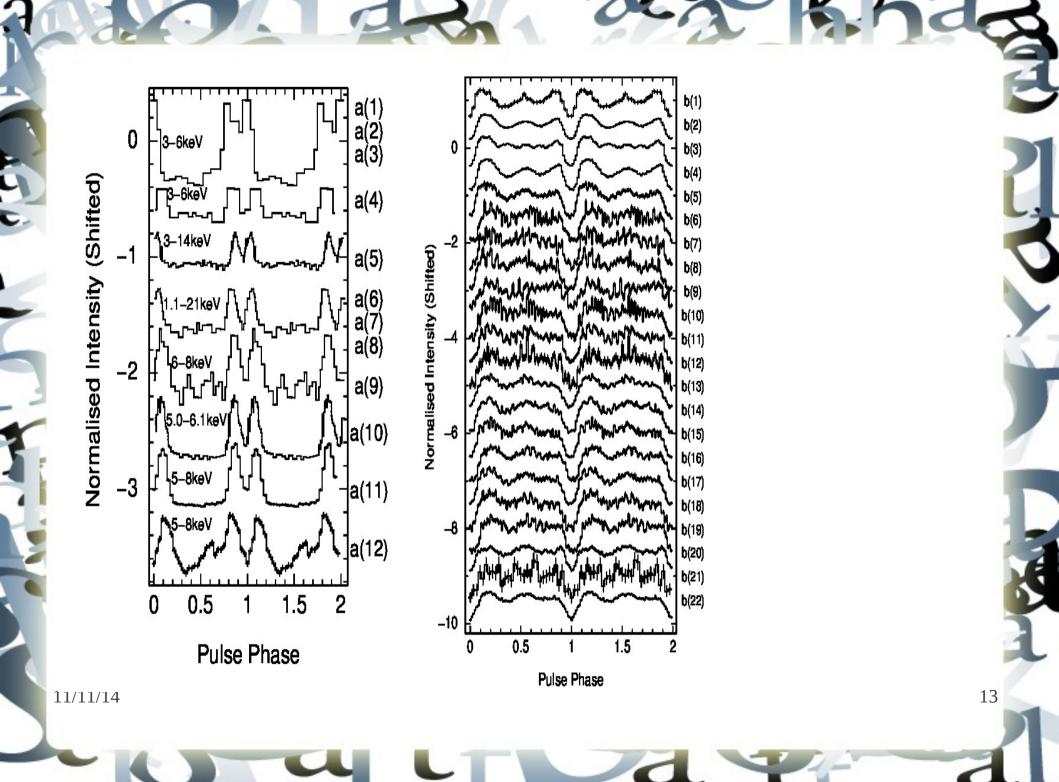
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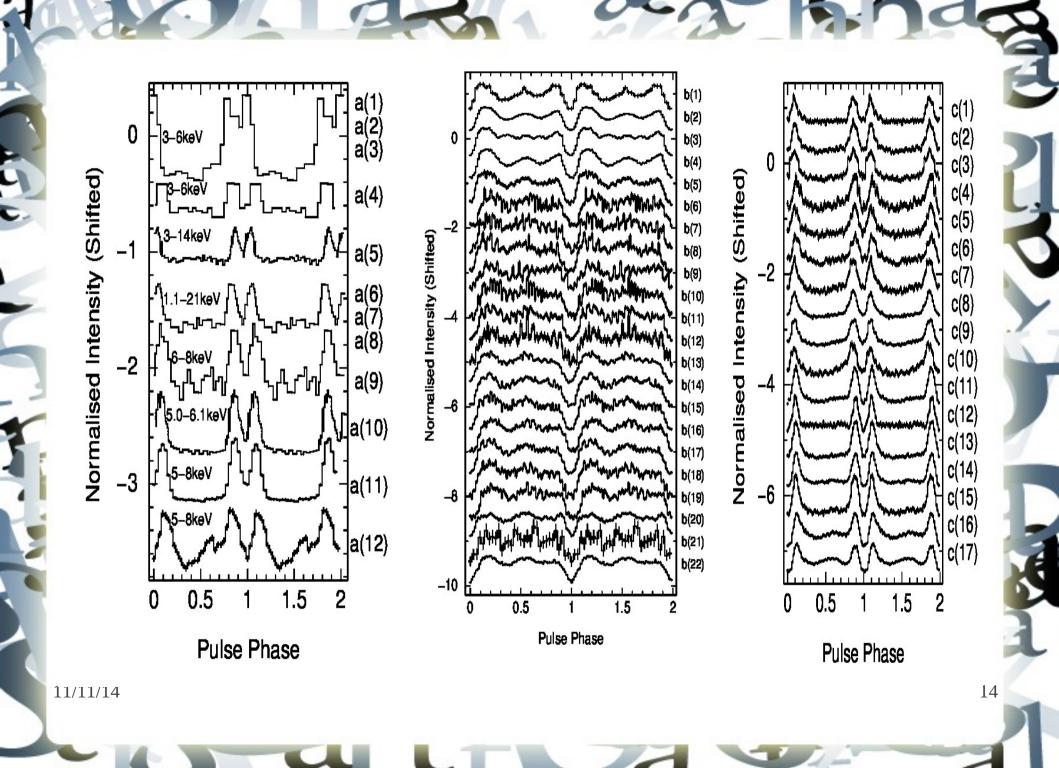
#### **Energy Resolved Pulse Profiles**



| Phase-I | Phase-II        | Phase-III  |
|---------|-----------------|------------|
| SAS-3   | ASCA-(GIS)      | RXTE-(PCA) |
| HEAO-1  | RXTE-(PCA)      | RXTE-(PCA) |
| HEAO-2  | BeppoSAX-(Mecs) | RXTE-(PCA) |
| Tenma   | XMM-(PN)        | RXTE-(PCA) |
| Exosat  | Swift-(XRT)     | RXTE-(PCA) |
| Ginga   | Suzaku-(XIS)    | RXTE-(PCA) |
|         |                 |            |







## **Conclusions from Timing Analysis of 4U 1626-67**

 We established a clear correlation between the accretion torque acting on pulsar 4U 1626-67 and its pulse profile.

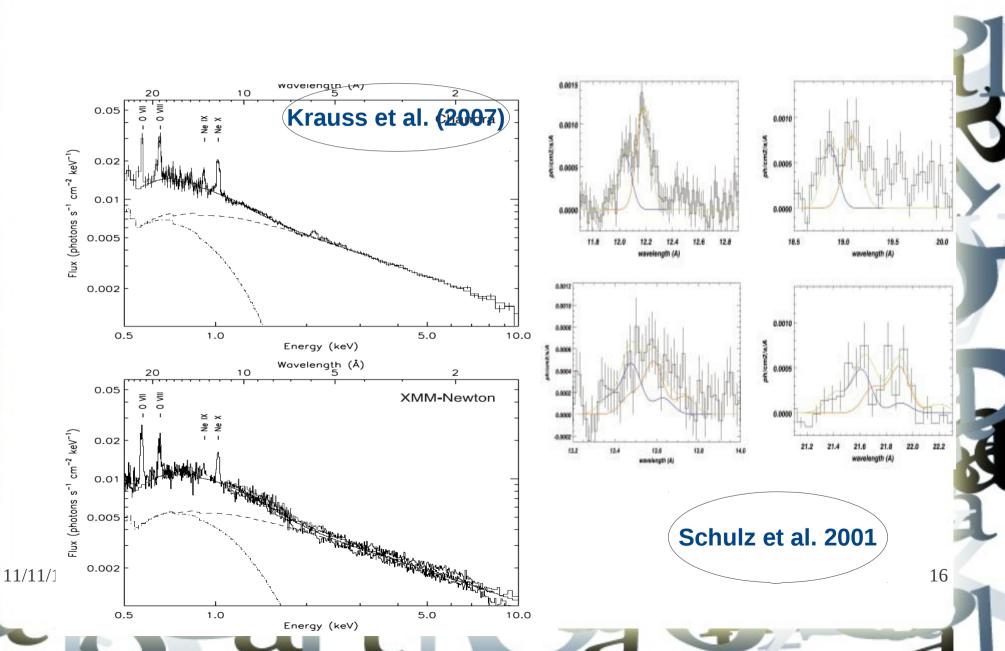
Exception to the standard model of accretion torque.

 There may be a change in the accretion mode at the instances of torque reversal.

Beri. A\*., Jain, Chetana; Paul, Biswajit; Raichur, Harsha, MNRAS, 2014; 439, 1940.

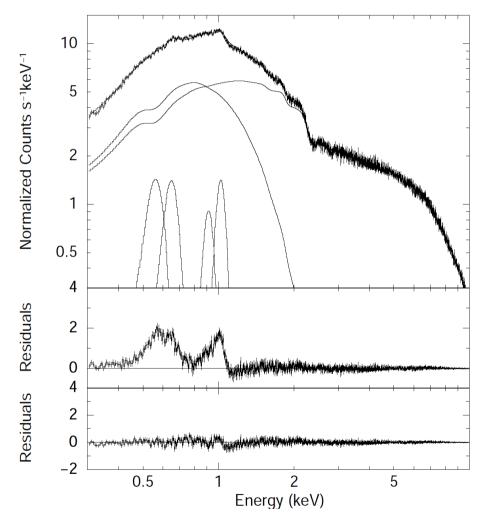
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#### **X-ray Spectrum**



#### **Phase Averaged Spectrum: Epic (PN)**

Beri et al.



| Parameter                     | Model Values       |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| $N_H (10^{22} atoms cm^{-2})$ | $0.102 \pm 0.001$  |
| PowIndex $(\Gamma)$           | $0.793 \pm 0.003$  |
| $N_{PL}^a$                    | $0.00656\pm.00004$ |
| BBody (kT) keV                | $0.229 \pm 0.001$  |
| $N_{BB}^{b}$                  | $441.0\pm17.9$     |
| LineFlux <sup>c</sup>         |                    |
| O VII $(0.568 \text{ keV})$   | $6.4 \pm 0.1$      |
| O VIII $(0.653 \text{ keV})$  | $3.7 \pm 0.1$      |
| Ne IX (0.915 keV)             | $1.36 \pm 0.09$    |
| Ne X (1.02 keV)               | $1.88 \pm 0.07$    |

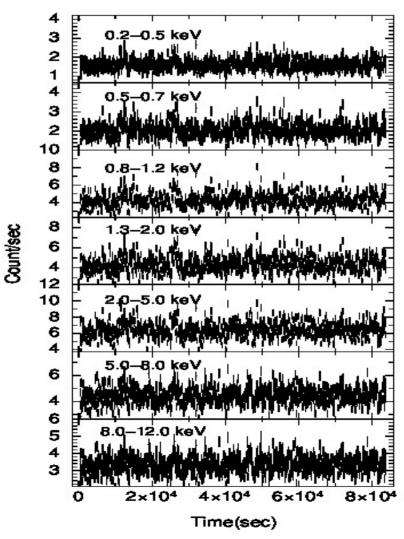
**Notes**: Errors quoted are for the 68 % confidence range.

- a  $\rightarrow$  Powerlaw normalisation  $(N_{PL})$  is in units of photons cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> keV<sup>-1</sup> at 1 keV
- b  $\rightarrow$  Blackbody normalisation  $(N_{BB})$  is in units of photons cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> keV<sup>-1</sup>
- $c \rightarrow Gaussian normalisation is in units of 10^{-4} photons cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>$

**Beri et al. (submitted to MNRAS)** 

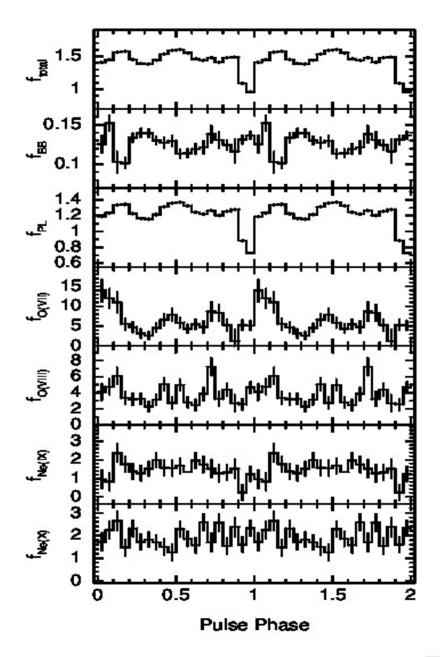
# Pulse Phase Resolved Spectroscopy: A tool to probe the geometry of accreton disk

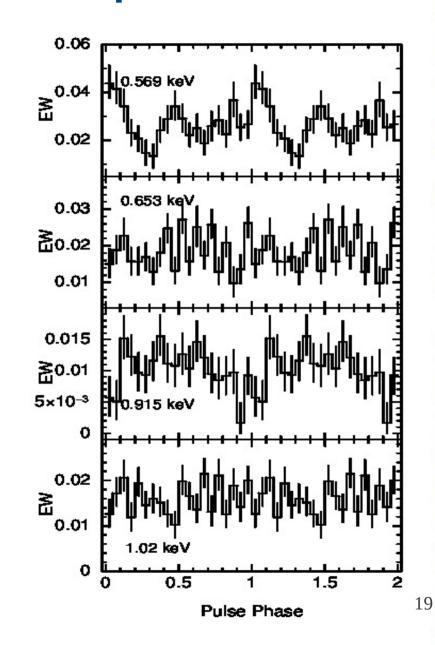
• To start with this, we extracted light curves in narrow energy bands.

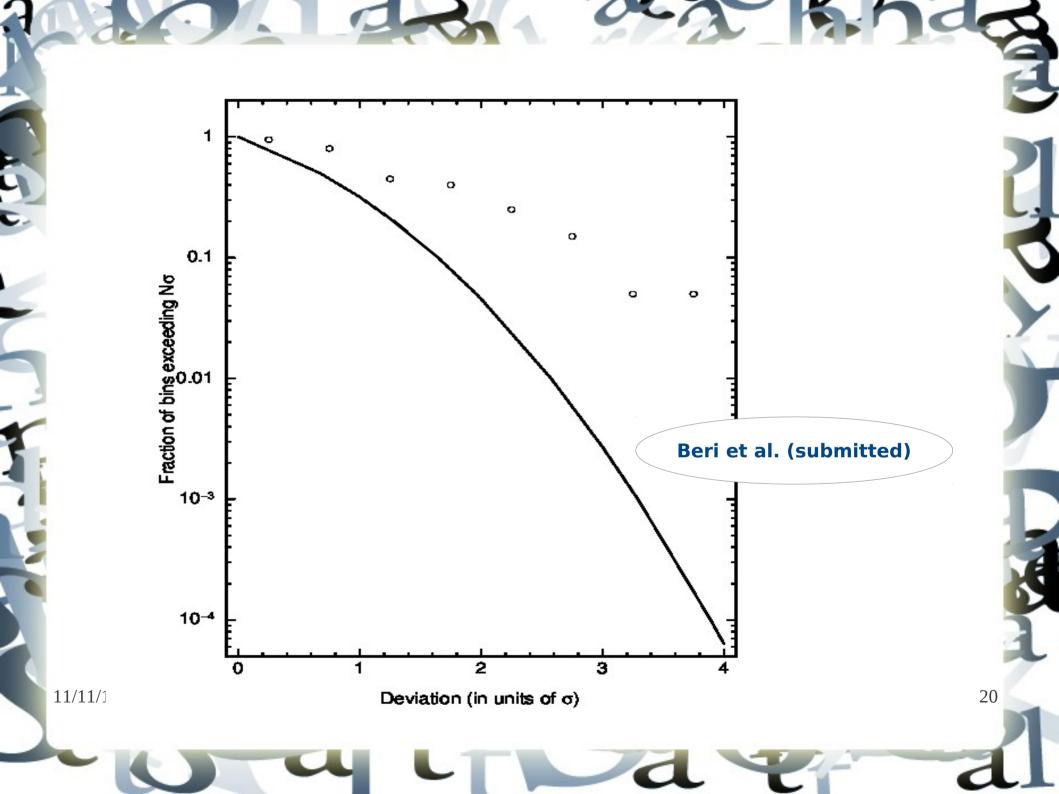


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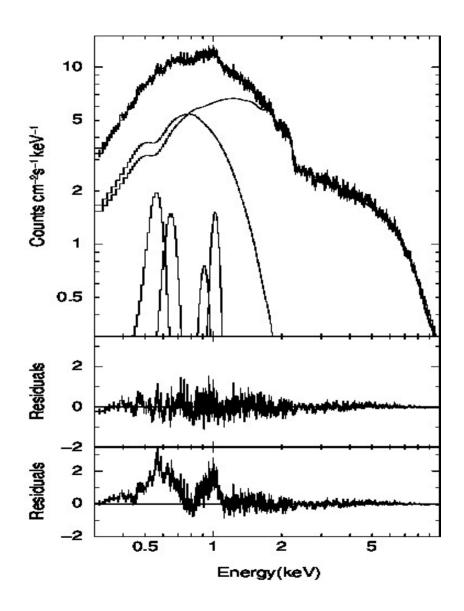
## **Pulse Phase Resolved Spectrum**

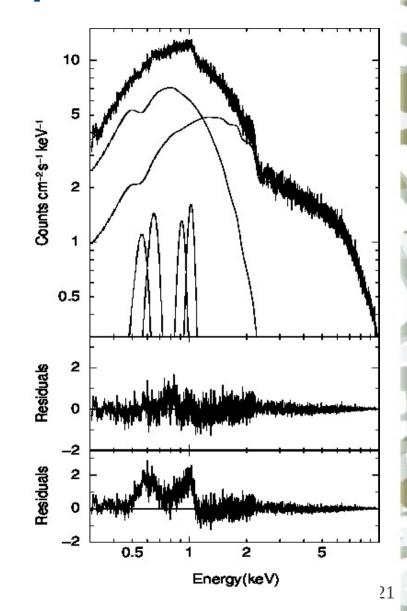




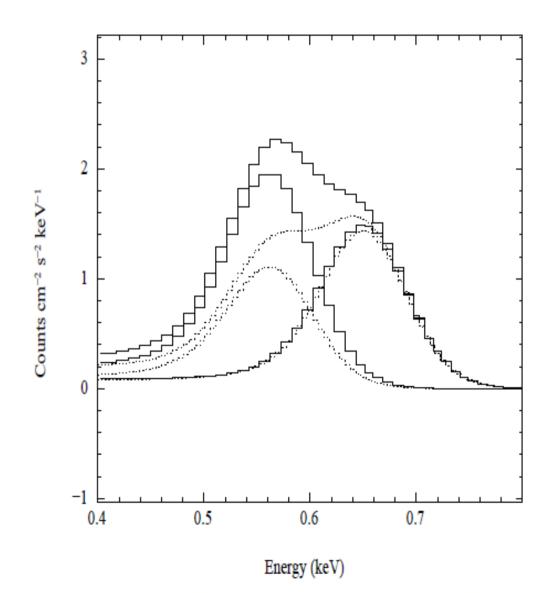


## **Pulse Phase Resolved Spectrum**





## Best fit fluxes of the two emission lines at 0.568 keV, 0.653 keV and their sum



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