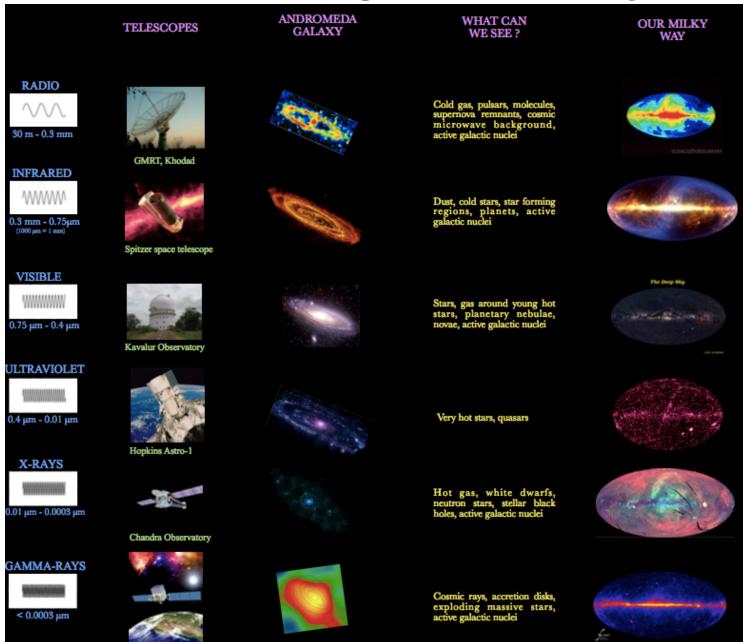


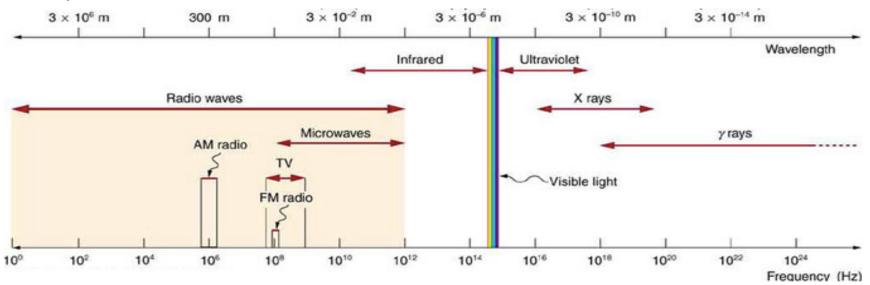
Multi-wavelength astronomy

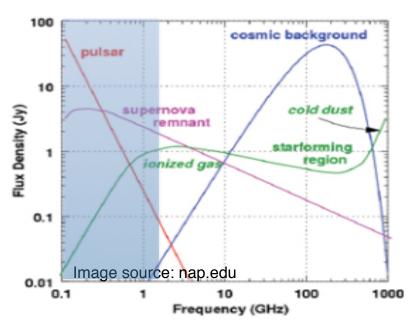


GLAST

Radio Astronomy







Objects in radio spectrum

Nobel prizes in astronomy

1967 HANS BETHE (US)



Theory of nuclear reactions and energy production in stars (ASTROPHYSICS)

1974

MARTIN RYLE ANTONY HEWISH (UK) (UK)



Discovery of Pulsars & Aperture Synthesis Technique (RADIO ASTRONOMY)

1978

ARNO PENZIAS ROBERT WILSON (US) (US)





Discovery of Cosmic Microwave Background Radiation

(RADIO ASTRONOMY)

1983

S CHANDRASEKHAR (INDIA) WILLIAM FOWLER (US)





Studies of the structure and evolution of stars (Chandrasekhar). and formation of the chemical elements in the universe (Fowler). (ASTROPHYSICS)

RUSSELL HULSE

JOSEPH TAYLOR





Discovery of a binary pulsar that has opened up new possibilities for the study of gravitation.

(RADIO ASTRONOMY)

2002

Raymond Davis, Jr Masatoshi Koshiba Riccardo Giacconi (US) (Japan) (Italy)







Detection of cosmic electrons Pioneering research leading to the discovery of cosmic x-ray sources

(HIGH ENERGY ASTROPHYSICS)

2006

George Smoot (US)







Discovery of the blackbody form and anisotropy of the cosmic microwave background radiation

(RADIO ASTRONOMY)

Brian Schmidt



Saul Perimutter



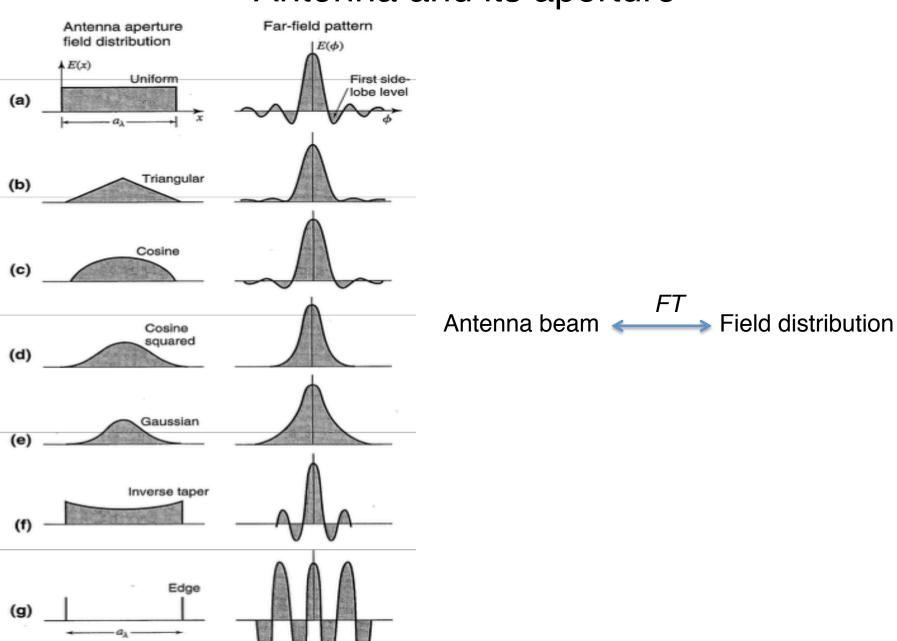




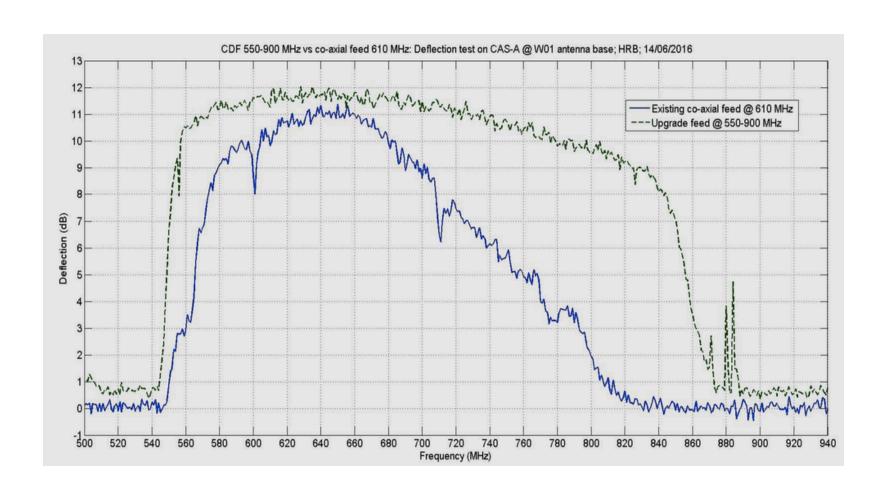
Discovery of the accelerating expansion of the universe through observations of distant supernovae

(OPTICAL ASTRONOMY)

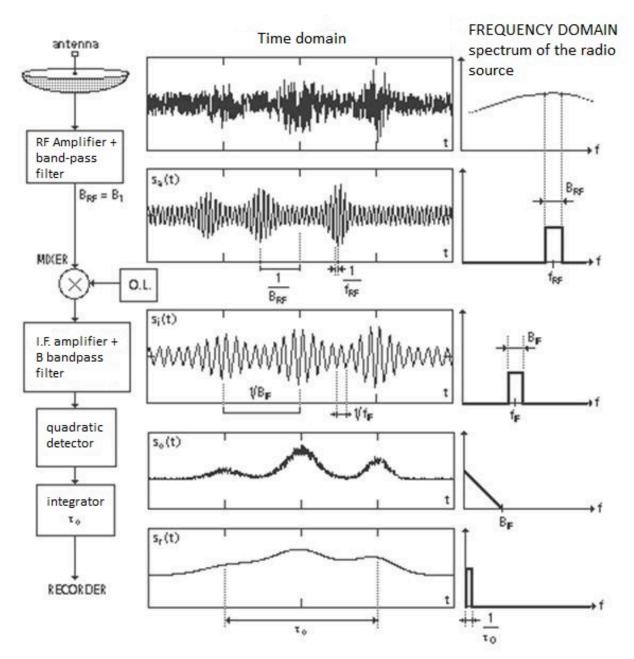
Antenna and its aperture



Feed bandwidth



Radio Receivers



Sensitivity or radiometre Equation:

$$\Delta T = \frac{T_{sys}}{\sqrt{B_F \tau_0}}$$

$$P_{radio_source} = S A_{eff} = k T$$

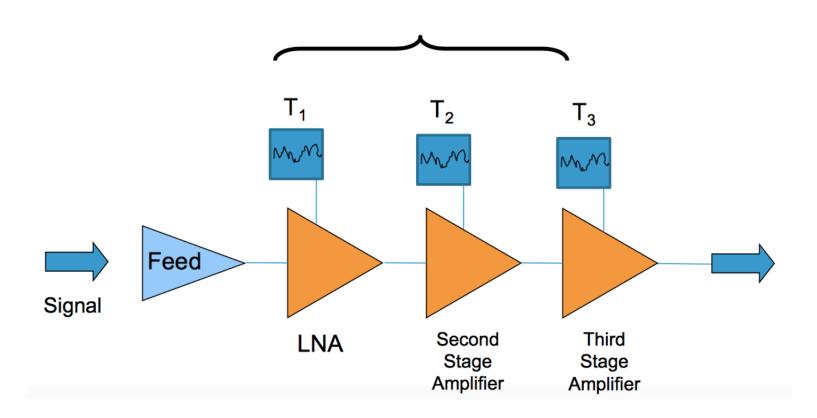
(watts/Hz)

Gain (G) of radio system = T / S (Kelvins/Jy)

$$G_{Arecibo} = 11 \text{ K/Jy}$$
 $G_{GMRT} = 9 \text{ K/Jy or } 1.8 \text{ K/Jy}$
 $G_{GBT} = 2 \text{ K/Jy}$
 $G_{Effelsburg} = 1.5 \text{ K/Jy}$
 $G_{Parkes} = 0.74 \text{ K/Jy}$

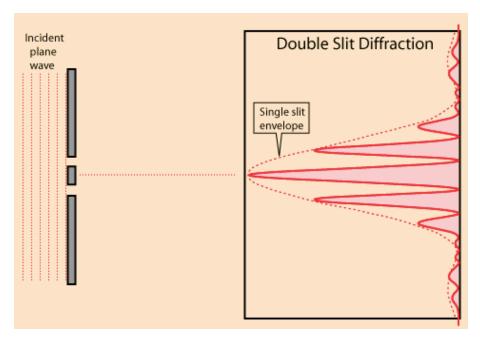
Receiver noise temperature

$$T_{system} = T_1 + \frac{T_2}{Gain_{INA}} + \frac{T_3}{Gain_{INA} \times G_2} + \frac{T_4}{Gain_{INA} \times G_2 \times G_3} \dots$$



Radio Interferometers

Interference fringe patterns



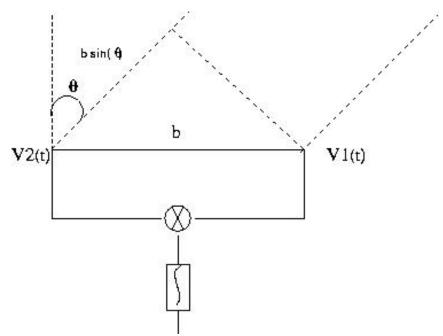
Signals arrive at Correlator from different Antennas have different *propagation* and *instrumental* delay.

$$\tau = b/C Sin(\theta)$$

 $d\tau/dt = b/C Cos(\theta) d\theta/dt$

Diffraction limit of a telescope = $1.22 \lambda/D$

Interferometer measures the spatial coherence function of the incident electric field



NCRA-TIFR entry points

NCRA has 20 faculty, 35 PhD and IntPhD students and 10 post-docs

Joint Entrance Screening Test (JEST): written test followed by interview at TIFR, Mumbai in (advt in Nov and exam in Feb)

IUCAA-NCRA Admission Test (INAT): written test followed by interview at NCRA/IUCAA, Pune (advt in Aug and exam in Dec)

TIFR Entrance Test: written test followed by interview at TIFR, Mumbai (advt in Sep and exam in Dec)

Visiting Student Research Program (VSRP): Research project in May-June; project evaluation followed by interview for pre-selection for PhD

Radio Astronomy Winter School (RAWs): @ Radio Physics Lab for under-grads to get hands on exposures in radio astronomy in 10 days

Radio Astronomy School (RAS): 2 weeks intensive training for doc and post-doc researchers in astronomy

GMRT archive and proposal system

Archive for getting access to radio data from the GMRT

How to submit a proposal for GMRT observations?

Link: naps.ncra.tifr.res.in

Proposal: Regular (@ 15th Jan for April-Sep and @ 15th July for Oct to Mar)

DDT at anytime

Preparing for observing/proposing

Current spec: http://www.gmrt.ncra.tifr.res.in/gmrt_hpage/Users/doc/GMRT-specs.pdf

Source Rise-Set time calculator: http://gmrt.ncra.tifr.res.in/~astrosupp/obs_setup/rst.html

During observations: Antenna positions (
http://gmrt.ncra.tifr.res.in/~astrosupp/gmrtmon/ondisp/ondisp.html)

Antennas data quality (http://gmrt.ncra.tifr.res.in/~astrosupp/gsbmon/gsbmon.html)

Paper archives

NASA ADS (http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abstract_service.html)

Astro-ph (https://arxiv.org/find/astro-ph)

Misc. tools

Coordinate transformation (http://ned.ipac.caltech.edu/forms/calculator.html)

Galactic electron density model (http://119.78.162.254/dmodel/index.php)

Numerical programming with GNU Octave (https://www.gnu.org/software/octave/about.html)

Plotting with GNUPLOT (http://www.gnuplot.info/)

FITS image display using ds9 (http://ds9.si.edu/site/Home.html)

Simulation of FT and interfemeter using Octave (ftp://wm.ncra.tifr.res.in/jroy/IAS_Summer_2018/)